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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/746,438	12/20/2000	John K. (Jack) Thomasson	90897.010000	4033
75	90 12/15/2005		EXAM	INER
Bradley D. Blanche			TRAN, PHILIP B	
GREENBERG	TRAURIG, LLP			
Suite 1700		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
650 Town Center Drive			2155	
Costa Mesa, Ca	A 92626		D	

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commons	09/746,438	THOMASSON ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Philip B. Tran	2155					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address -					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 M	lav 2005						
	action is non-final.						
· <u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	pano gaujio, 1000 0.2. Vi, i						
· <u> </u>	_						
	Claim(s) 41-71 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
i) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) 41-71 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) $\square$ objected to by the $\square$	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).					
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority document</li> </ol>	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in Applicati	on No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	ս (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)						

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 41-71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maegawa (USPA Pub. 2004/0076123 A1) hereinafter Maegawa, and in view of White (Text Book: "How Computers Work") hereinafter White.

Regarding claim 70, Maegawa teaches the invention substantially as claimed by disclosing a router disposed between a subnetwork (Fig. 1 elem. 13; par. 65) and a satellite network (Fig. 1 elem. 16). Maegawa also teaches that multiple clients computers, or PCs, are attached to the subnetwork (Fig. 1 elem. 13). The personal

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computers have processors and storage devices containing programs (inherent).

Maegawa also teaches a global communications network (Fig. 1 elem. 12; pars. 64 and 6). Maegawa also teaches a network interface (Fig. 5 elem. 101 internet) and a satellite receiver interface (Fig. 1 elem. 101 broadcast). The router connecting subnets 16 and 13 receives data downloaded from the global communications network through a satellite receiver and through the satellite receiver interface and operates to route the downloaded data to a plurality of client computers (Fig. 1 "PC") connected to a computer network (Fig. 1 elem. 13) through the network interface.

Although Maegawa does not teach that this specific router is a personal computer, Maegawa teaches that other routers in the system are personal computers (Fig. 1 elem. 23 PC as router per par. 68).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Maegawa's router between subnetwork 13 and satellite subnetwork 16 to be an personal computer as opposed to a special purpose router based on Maegawa's explicit teaching that a personal computer can act as a router (par. 68). A person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would reasonably infer that a personal computer acting as a router would perform these tasks in software. This inference flows logically from the fact the fact that a personal computer is a general purpose computer and therefore implements functions in software.

Given that the router connecting subnetworks 13 and 16 is a personal computer, Maegawa does not specifically teach a network driver, a satellite driver, and routing

instructions as claimed. Nor does Maegawa teach that the; client computers do not have the same operating systems.

White on the other hand teaches that hardware devices in personal computers have software drivers (p. 29). White also teaches that personal computers run a variety of operating systems.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine White's teachings regarding general features of personal computers with the PC router of Maegawa by having a device driver for the router's network interface and a device driver for the router's satellite interface because of White's teaching that PC's use device drivers (p. 29).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine White's teachings regarding the fact that personal computers use a variety of operating systems by having the personal computers attached to Maegawa's subnetwork 13 run different operating systems because of White's teaching that these other operating systems are recognized alternatives (p. 9).

Claims 41, 59 and 71 are rejected under same rationale as rejection of claim 70.

Regarding to claims 42-58 and 60-69, Maegawa teaches the invention as claimed local area network is disclosed as the sub-networks are usual local area networks, a large number of personal computers (PC) and server devices (S) are connected and are mainly constituted by Ethernets and communication lines (LAN) (Fig.

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1, paragraph[0065]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that all other claims are also taught by Maegawa and White combined.

## Conclusion

- 3. A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. FAILURE TO RESPOND WITHIN THE PERIOD FOR RESPONSE WILL CAUSE THE APPLICATION TO BECOME ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). EXTENSIONS OF TIME MAY BE OBTAINED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF 37 CAR 1.136(A).
- 4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-3991. The Group fax phone number is (571) 273-8300. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar, can be reached on (571) 272-4006.

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5. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Philip B. Tran

**Primary Examiner** 

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Dec 09, 2005